



A 0.31THz CMOS Uniform Circular Antenna Array Enabling Generation/Detection of Waves with Orbital-Angular Momentum

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May 5th, 2021

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Outline

- Introduction
- Applications and Prior Works
- 0.31THz OAM CMOS Generation/Detection
 - System architecture
 - 0.31THz Reconfigurable Pixel
 - 0.31THz Amplifier-Multiplier Chain
 - Controller and Key-to-OAM mapping
- Measurement Results
- Conclusion



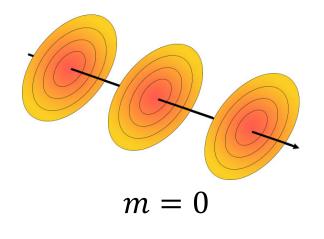
Introduction

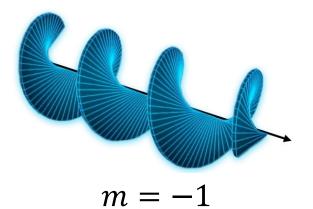
Orbital Angular Momentum (OAM)

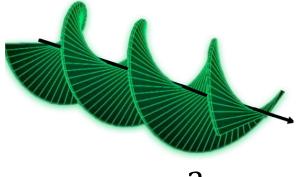
An OAM-based wave possesses a wavefront with a helical phase distribution around the central axis of the beam

$$|E| = A_o J_l(k_t \rho) e^{\left(\frac{-\rho^2}{w_{BG}^2}\right)} e^{\left(-jm\phi\right)} e^{\left(-jkz\right)}$$
Ref. [1]

$$m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$$
 represents OAM modes





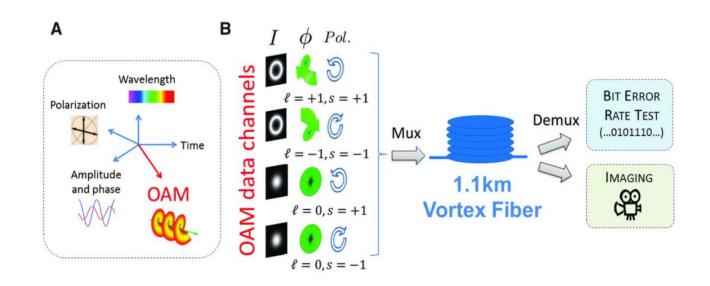


$$m = -2$$



Applications

- Enhanced spectral efficiency
 - Orthogonal modes support spatial multiplexing/demultiplexing





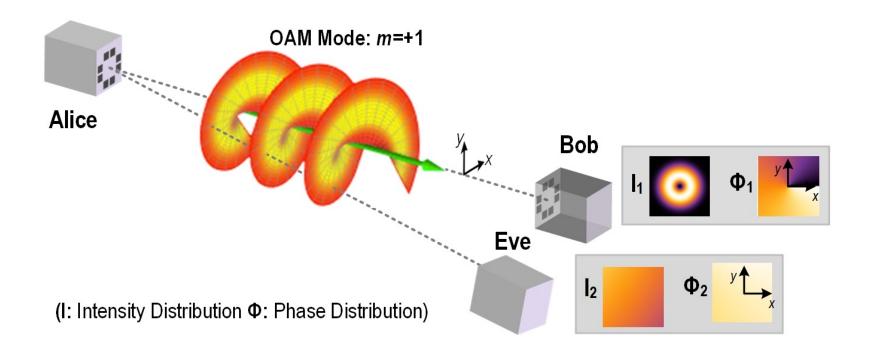
400Gbps using 4-OAM modes at single wavelength [2] Science 2013

100Gbps using 5-OAM modes at 28GHz [3] Microwave Journal 2018



Applications

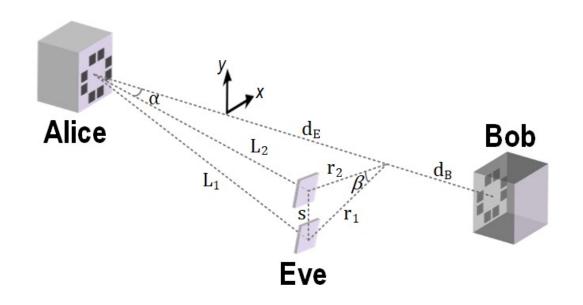
- Physical-layer security for wireless channels
 - Require multiple phase-comparing antennas or colluding eavesdroppers

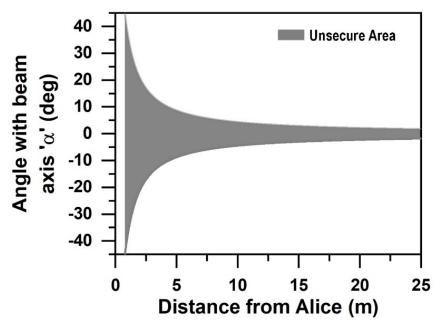




Applications

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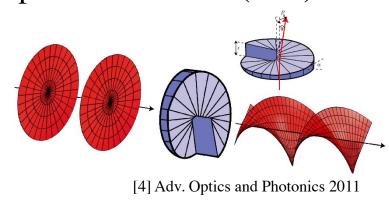
Eve with two phase-comparing antennas

Unsecure area with $L_1 = L_2$, $r_1 = r_2$, $\beta = 15^{\circ}$

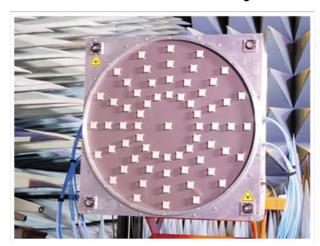


Discrete Systems for Generation/Detection of OAM

1. Spiral Phase Plate (SPP)

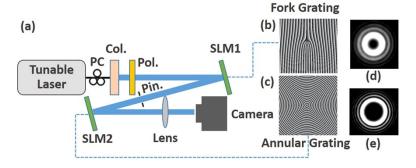


3. Circular Antenna Array

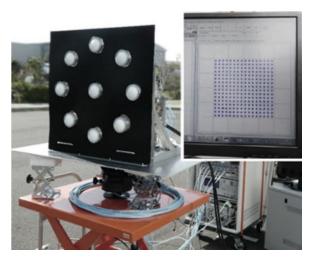


[6] NTT Technical Review 2018

2. Holographic Gratings



[5] Science Report 2017



[7] NEC News 2020

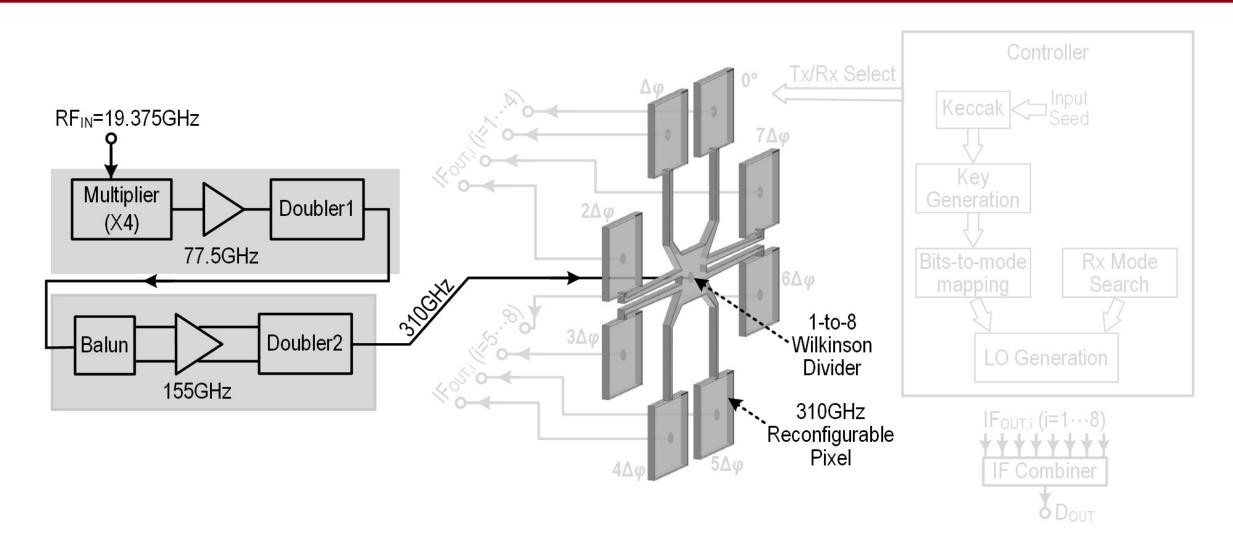


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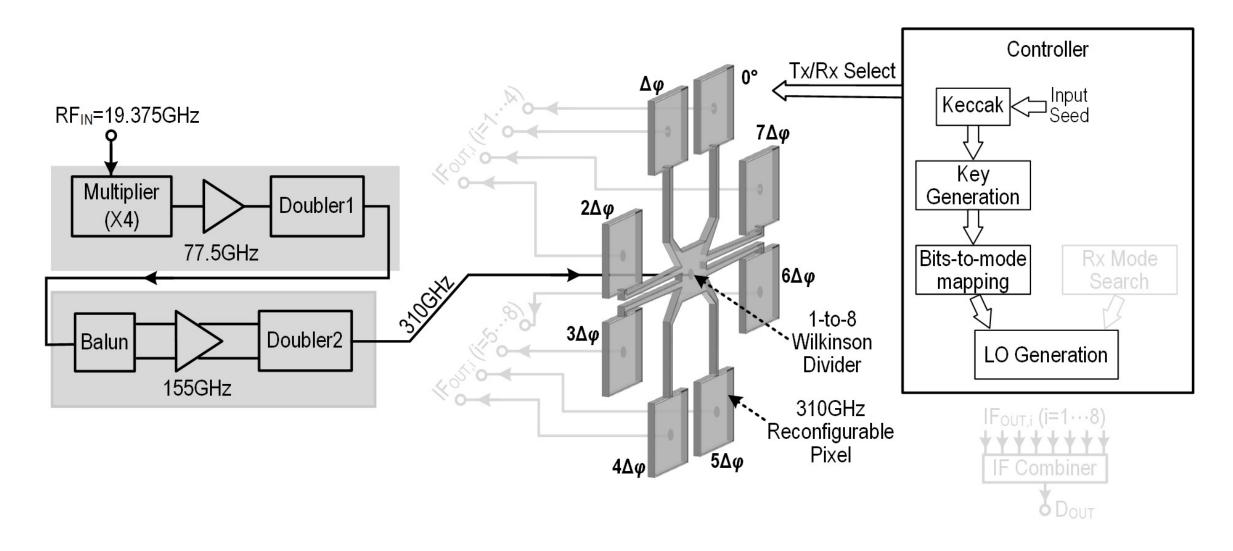


System Architecture



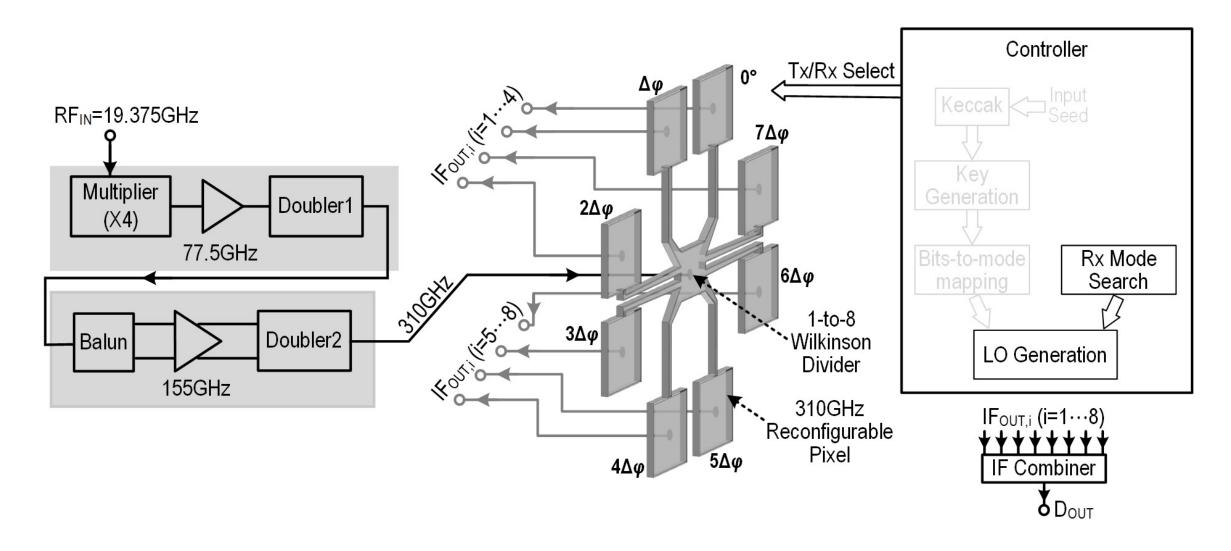


System Architecture (Tx Mode)



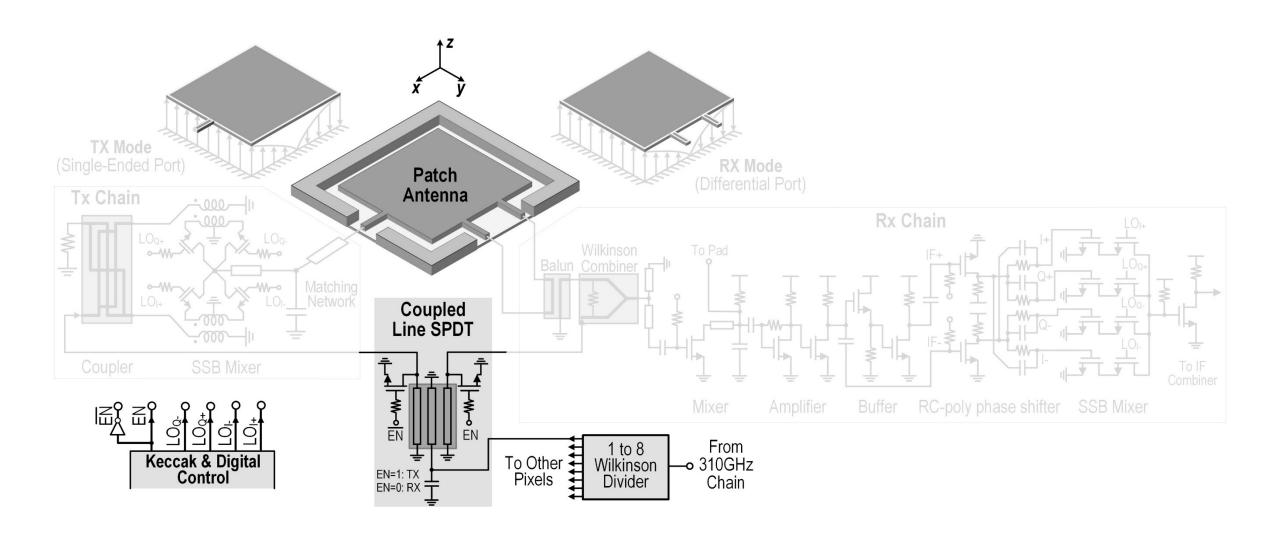


System Architecture (Rx Mode)



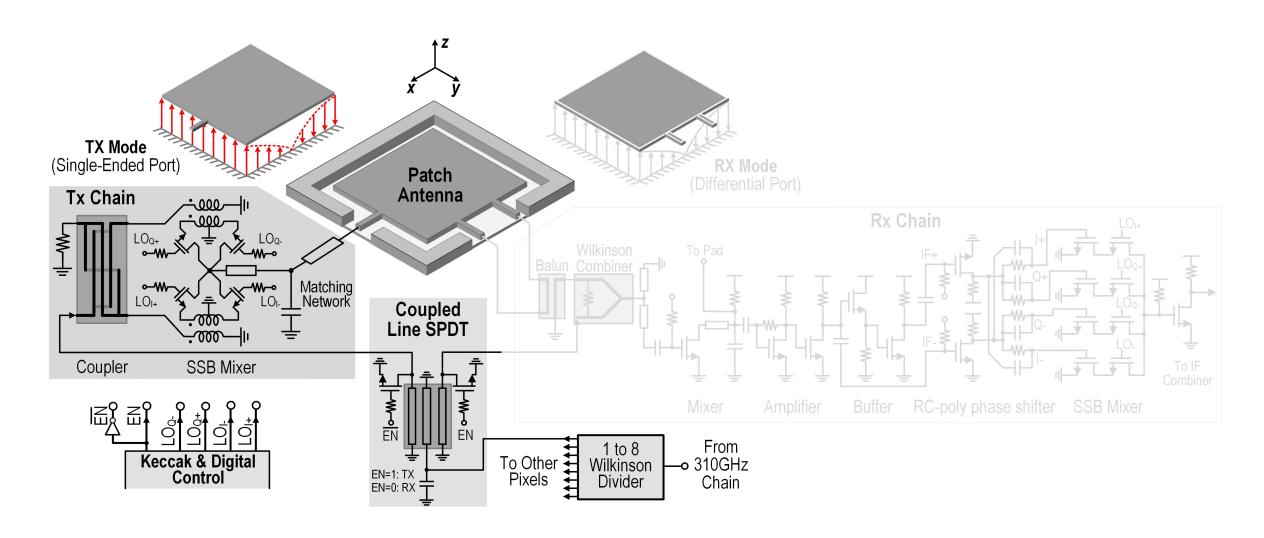


310GHz Reconfigurable Pixel



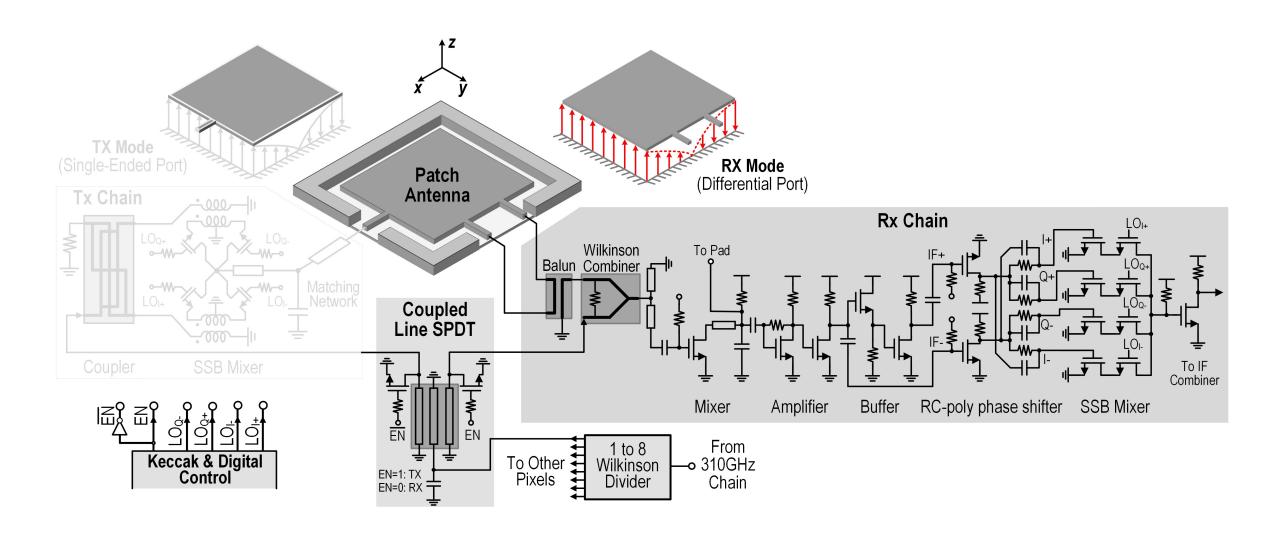


310GHz Reconfigurable Pixel (Tx Mode)



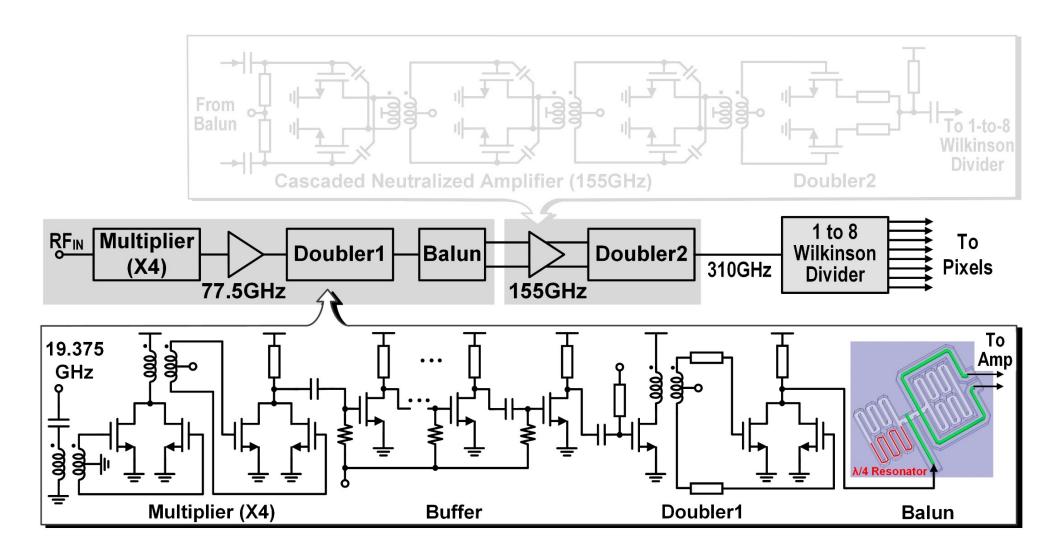


310GHz Reconfigurable Pixel (Rx Mode)



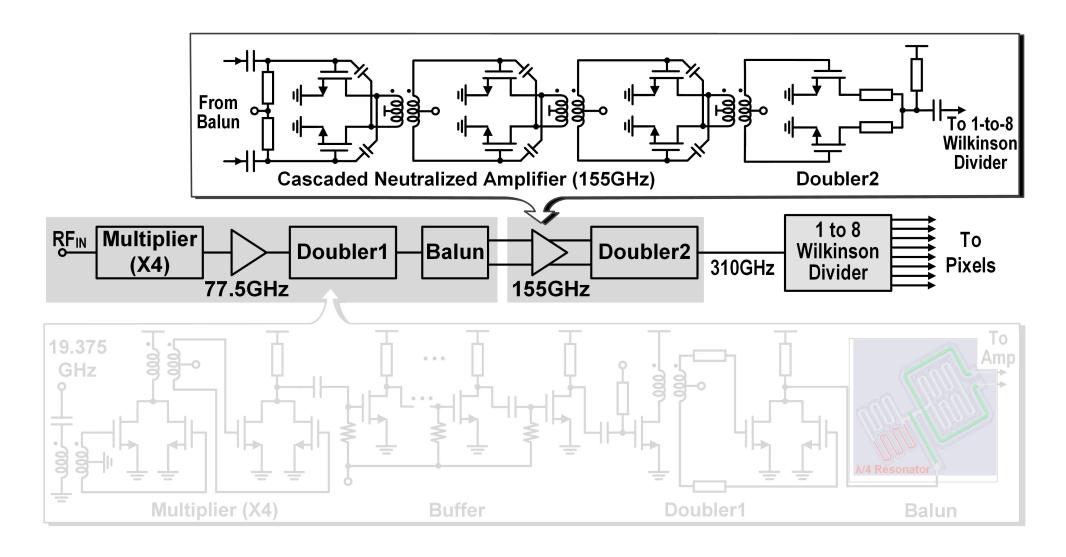


310GHz Amplifier-Multiplier Chain



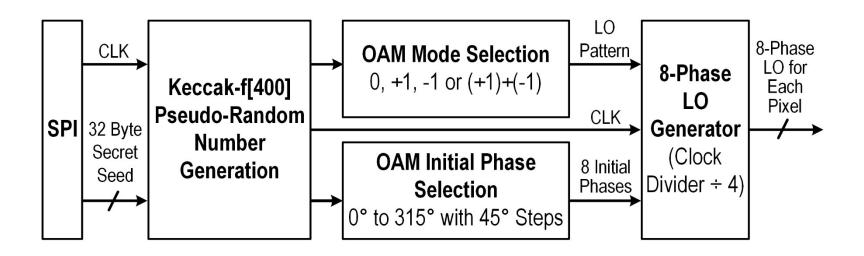


310GHz Amplifier-Multiplier Chain

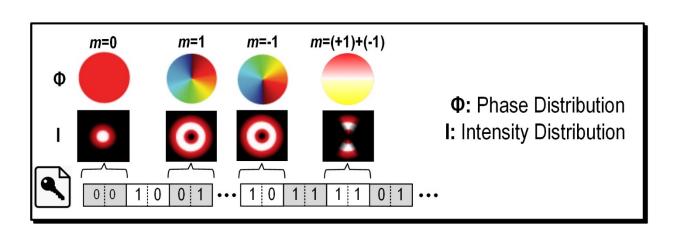




Controller and Key-to-OAM Mapping

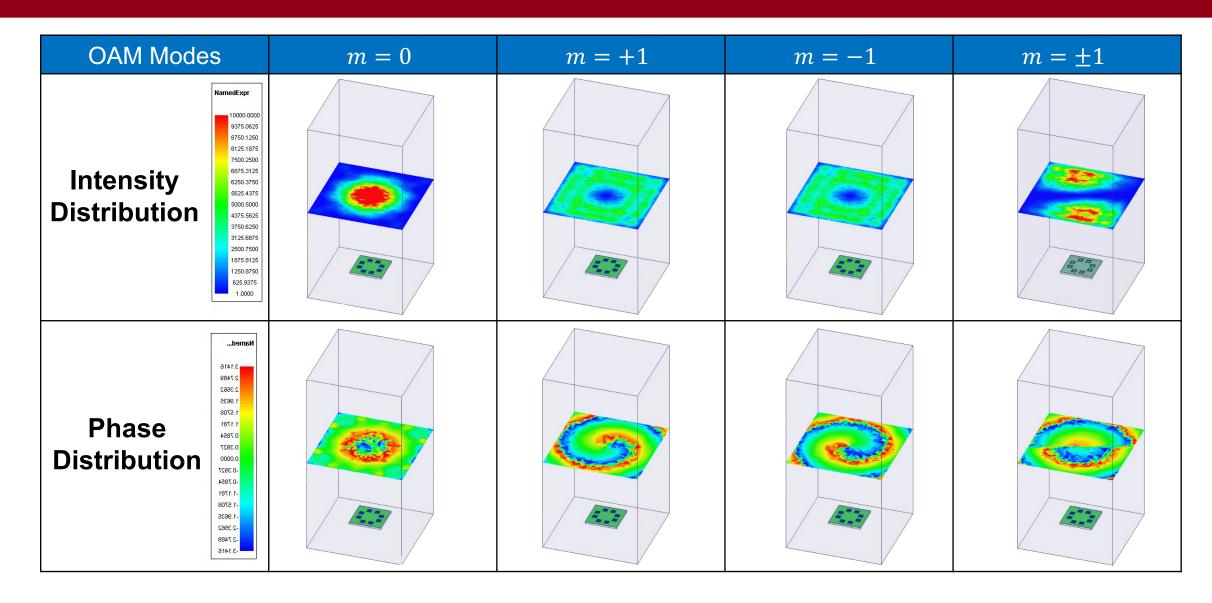


Key-to-OAM Mapping





EM Simulation of OAM Modes





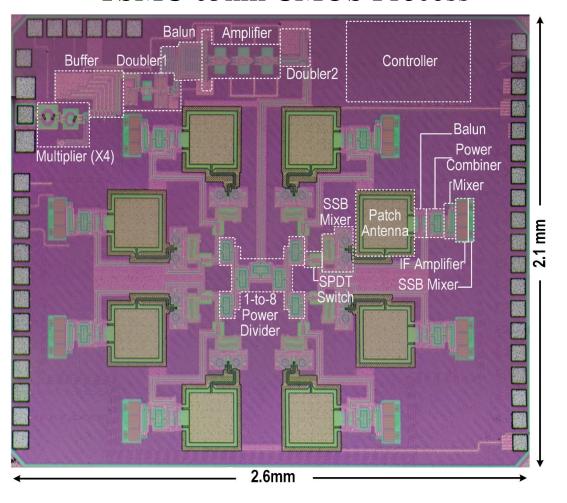
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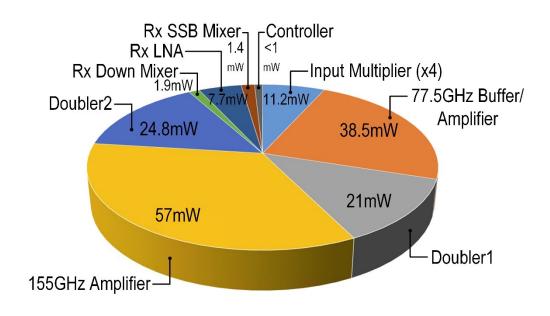


Chip Micrograph and Power Consumption

TSMC 65nm CMOS Process



Power Consumption Breakdown

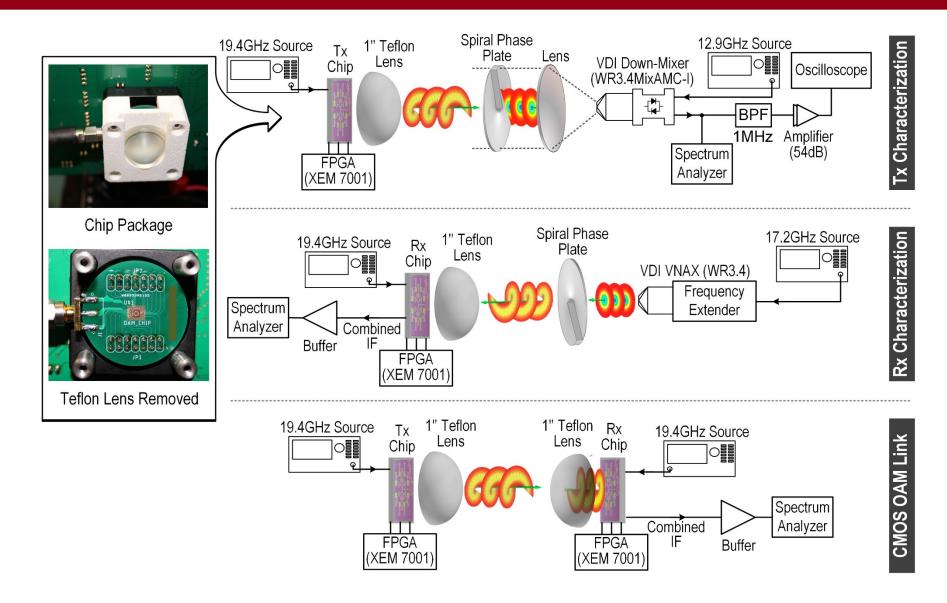


Tx Mode $\rightarrow 154$ mW

 $Rx Mode \rightarrow 166mW$

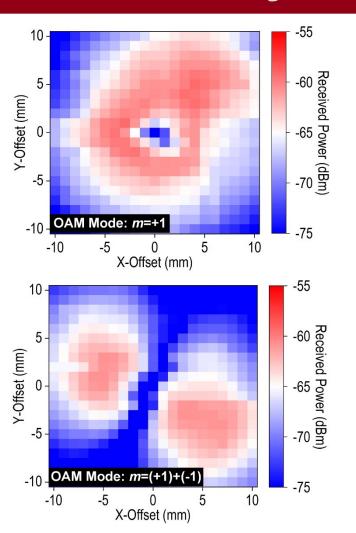


Measurement Setups

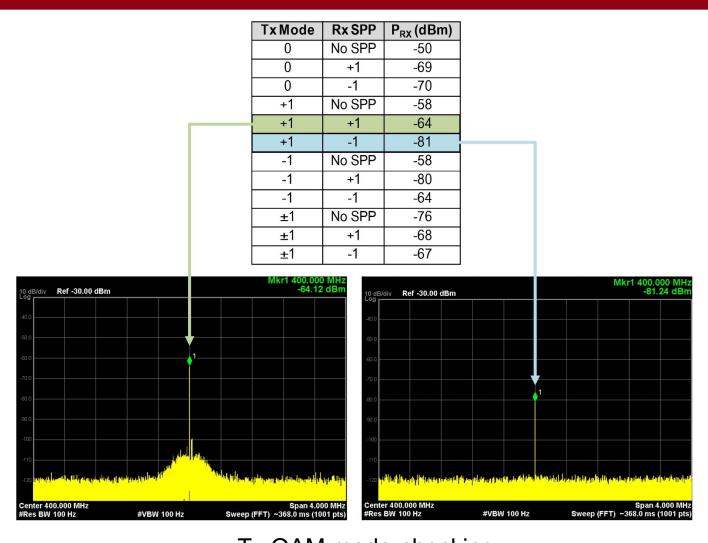




Intensity Profiles and Tx Mode-checking



Measured intensity distribution for m=+1 and m=(+1)+(-1) OAM modes

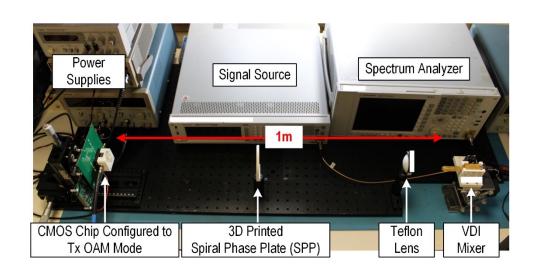


Tx OAM mode-checking

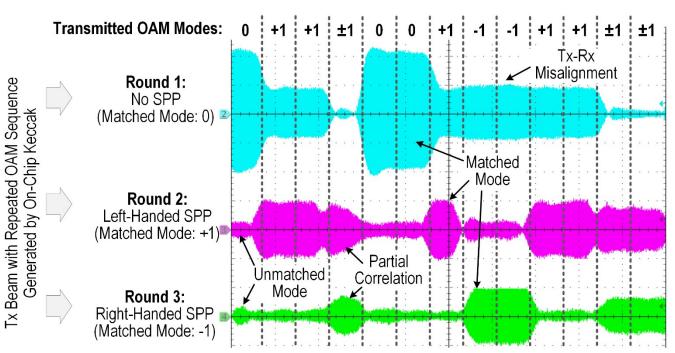
Measured spectrums when Tx chip is m=+1 and Rx SPP is m=+1 and -1



Time-domain Tx OAM Mode-checking



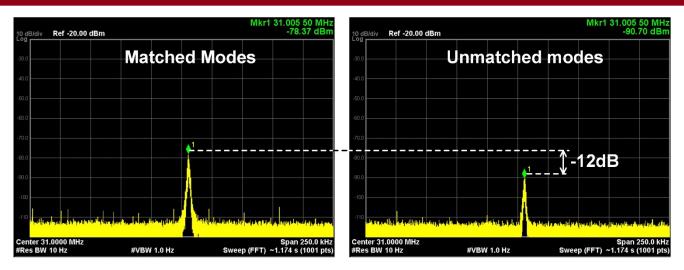
Time-domain OAM mode-checking setup with 1m Tx-Rx distance



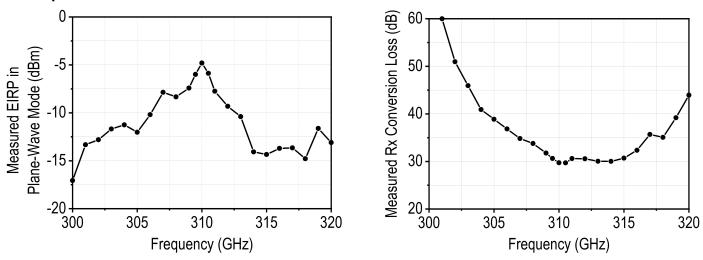
Time-domain output of the Rx configured to respond to different OAM modes, when it is illuminated by the same OAM sequence (1Mbps) generated by on-chip Keccak



Rx Mode-checking and Tx-Rx Characterization



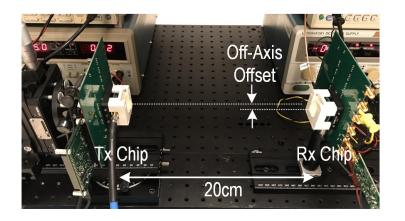
Measured spectrum of combined IF when OAM modes are matched and unmatched

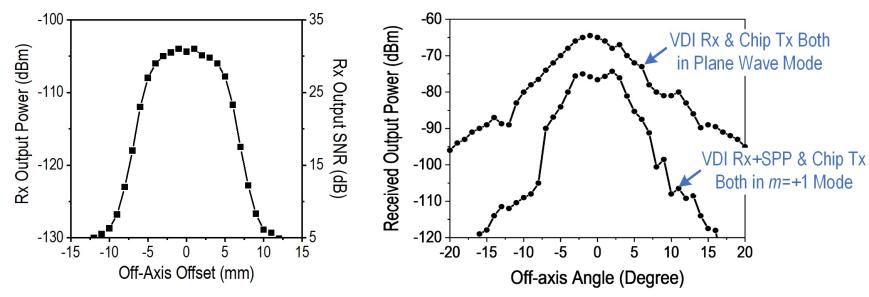


Measured Tx EIRP (m = 0) Measured Rx pixel conversion loss



CMOS Tx-Rx OAM Link





Full-silicon OAM link and sensitivity to co-axial alignment



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Comparison with RF and mm-Wave OAM Prototypes

	Nature Comm. '14 [8]	Wireless Comm. '17 [9]	IICCW '20 [10]	This work
Implementation	Discrete Transceivers + SPP + Quasi-Optical Beam Combiner	Active-Driven Antenna Arrays + Parabolic Reflectors	Active-Driven Antenna Arrays	Active-Driven Antenna Array on a 65nm CMOS Chip + Teflon Lens
Frequency (GHz)	28	10	40	310
OAM Modes	±1, ±3	±2, ±3	0, ±1, ±2, ±3	0, +1, -1, ±1
Data Modulation	16QAM/Mode Dual Polarization	32QAM on each mode, Full Duplex	256QAM/Mode Dual Polarization	Bit-to-Mode OAM Hopping
Radiated Power (dBm)	8	0	11.5	-4.8 (EIRP)
Antenna Aperture Diameter (cm)	30	60	120	1.35
Application	Enhanced Spectral Efficiency	Enhanced Spectral Efficiency	Enhanced Spectral Efficiency	Physical-Layer Security
DC Power (mW)	N/A	N/A	N/A	154 (Tx), 166 (Rx)



Acknowledgement

 This work is supported by National Science Foundation EAGER SARE award

 Prof. Yang Yang at University of Technology, Sydney for the spiral phase plates

This work will be presented at RFIC 2021

M. I. W. Khan, J. Woo, X. Yi, M. I. Ibrahim, R. T. Yazicigil, A. P. Chandrakasan and R. Han, "A 0.31THz CMOS Uniform Circular Antenna Array Enabling Generation/Detection of Waves with Orbital-Angular Momentum," 2021 IEEE Radio Frequency Integrated Circuits Symposium (RFIC), Atlanta, GA, USA, 2021 (Best Student Paper Award)



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- 7. https://www.nec.com/en/press/202003/global 20200310 01.html
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Thank you!